In addition, a CSU transfer degree might replace Cuesta's local degree, thereby making the area of study more attractive and produce more degree earners. In September 2014 faculty was notified by Krystinne Mica [krystinne@ASCCC.ORG] that work is to commence on developing C-ID descriptors and Areas of Emphasis Transfer Model Curriculum in Global Studies/International Relations and Ethnic Studies. Cuesta faculty is willing to participate in the development.

F. Other Relevant Program Data (optional)

Please provide any other data you think is relevant to your program such as State or National certification exam results, or other data unique to your program.

None

III. Program Outcomes Assessment and Improvements

A. Attach or insert the assessment cycle calendar for your program.

Assessing the program outcomes presents unique challenges for the International Studies Program. Although the course-level outcomes are connected to the program outcomes, the assessment has its own unique problems. A college-wide mechanism to coordinate course assessments with program assessments has not been established yet for interdisciplinary majors.

Currently the three divisions involved (Social Sciences, Business Education, and Languages and Communication) are acting as the custodians of the course SLO assessment documentation. Agreement has been reached to share the course assessment documentation with the degree program coordinator. Due to the described challenges, an assessment cycle calendar is not available at this time.

B. Attach or insert the most recent program-level Course or Program Assessment Summary (CPAS) for each of the degrees/certificates in your program or the Student Services Student Learning Outcomes Assessment Report (SSSLOAR).

Course or Program Assessment Summary

http://academic.cuesta.edu/sloa/docs/Course and Program Assessment Summary F 2011.docx

This form can be used to record SLO assessment plans and results for courses or programs. It is recommended that this document be stored on a group drive, or in MyCuesta.

Division: Social Sciences Program: INTERNATIONAL STUDIES Date: September 27, 2014 v. 3 2012

Courses in program, or course: <u>ANTH 203, ECON 201A, ECON 201B, GEOG 202, POL 204, POL 206, SPAN 201, 202, 203, 204; FR 201, 202, 203; GER 201, 202, 203, 204</u>

Faculty involved with the assessment and analysis: Petra Clayton, Tanya Downing, Sally Girard, Susan Lloyd, Kathryn Logan, Lise Mifsud, Aaron Rodrigues

Course-to-program outcome mapping document	** is completed	Yes_	X	No

Course or Program Assessment Summary

	Course of Frogram Assessment Summary						
1	Student Learning Outcome Statements	Students will be a	itical, cultural, ged	pare and cographic, so	ontrast the components of a system when scial or economic structures of nations or regions, epts.		
	X Program	Interpreting Information Students will be able to apply discipline-specific concepts and tools when examining political, cultural, geographic, social or economic issues of nations or regions.					
		3. Critical Thinking Students will be able to differentiate between alternative theories and approaches and apply analytical thinking skills when examining political, cultural, geographic, social or economic issues about nations or regions.					
		4. Historical and Contemporary Issues Students will be able to analyze and evaluate current issues, problems or conflicts based on historical development in the political, cultural, geographic, social or economic conditions of nations and regions.					
		5. International Language Proficiency and Cultural Competency Students will be able to read, write, understand and speak French, German or Spanish at level 2 proficiency and describe and discuss the relationship of selected products or practices to the values and attitudes found in those cultures.					
2	Assessment	Assessment Steps:					
	Methods Plan	Identify degree recipients and obtain their transcripts Obtain course SLOs for all degree courses:					
	(identify				202, POL 204, POL 206, FR 201, 202, 203, GER 201,		
	assessment		SPAN 201, 202, 203		102, 1 02 20 1, 1 02 200, 1 11 20 1, 202, 200, 02 11 20 1,		
	instruments, scoring rubrics,		LOs to program S				
	SLO mapping				degree recipients via interviews with instructors		
	diagrams)		e SLO assessmen ning Outcomes: Ye		ing binary data: "Student has achieved the Course		
	,				sess program SLOs		
					ising binary data: "Student has achieved the		
		Program Student Learning Outcomes: Yes / No."					
3	Assessment	Sample size: One student was awarded a degree in the academic year 2013/14: Sarah Brittany					
	Administration				three previous degree recipients who were tracked		
	Plan (date(s),	in spring 2012 and sp	ing Zu is. Phor de	egree recipi	ents were not tracked.		
	sample size or selection of course	The most recent degree recipient took all of the degree courses at Cuesta College in the period from					
	sections, scoring	fall 2011 to fall 2013.					
	procedures, etc.)						
		In fall 2014 a student transcript was obtained to identify the term and instructor for each degree course. Course instructors/program lead instructors were interviewed in order to ascertain if the					
		degree recipients had met the course SLOs at the time they took the course. Course assessment					
		results were recorded for the most recent degree recipient. Achievement of the program SLOs was					
		determined based on	the course assess	sments resu	ults.		
4	Assessment	Sarah Brittany DaBria	et: A A Interpeties	nal Studios	awarded in Fall 2013		
	Results Summary (summarize Data)	Sarah Brittany DePriest: A.A. International Studies awarded in Fall 2013					
	(Janimanze Data)	Degree Course	Term	Grade	Instructor		
		ECON 201A	Spring 2012	Α	Tanya Downing		
		ECON 201B	Fall 2013	В	Tanya Downing		
		POL 204	Fall 2013	A	Aaron Rodrigues		
		ANTH 203	Fall 2013	В	Lise Mifsud		

GEOG 202	Fall 2013	A-	Jorge Sifuentes
POL 206	Spring 2013	В	Aaron Rodrigues
FR 201	Spring 2013	Α	Susan Lloyd
SPAN 203	Fall 2011	B+	Tony Rector-Cavagnaro

Course instructors/program lead instructors verified that the degree recipient had met the course SLOs at the time she took the courses by means of direct assessment, specifying modalities, such as class participation, quiz, test, exam, final exam.

Based on the course assessment results it was concluded that the degree recipient has achieved the Program SLOs. A program assessment chart summarizing the assessment results serves as evidence.

5 Discussion of Assessment Procedure and Results, and Effectiveness of Previous Improvement Plans

Success and Challenges

The International Studies degree program has been successful in that there have been degree completers every year since inception (2003) except in 2011/12. The last four degree recipients, who were tracked, have been successful in meeting the program SLOs.

However, the procedure to assess the SLOs at the program level was a challenge. It was cumbersome to track data after the students had already graduated. In career technical fields students may have clear degree/certificate goals, but in academic subjects area many students do not have a firm major in mind or change their major several times during their career at a community college. Monitoring their degree progress in "real time" is virtually impossible. Therefore it has to be tracked retrospectively.

Challenges for the program coordinator included

- identifying the instructor who taught a certain section of a course with multiple sections as far back as 2003 (Banner started in fall 2008)
- attempting to contact instructors who are no longer employed at Cuesta College

Challenges for the degree course instructor included

- being able to remember a particular student after many semesters
- being able to produce artifacts (student work) after many semesters

An additional and ongoing challenge will be that the institution lacks the infrastructure to track degree aspirants from their first to their last semester at Cuesta College. Again, career technical programs may have a system to insure that degree aspirants succeed in obtaining a degree/certificate. Cuesta's Nursing Program, for example, has a program structure in place, which focuses on successful degree completion. The program offers structured orientation, mentoring, monitoring and early intervention when problems arise. This type of student support, however, is absent in academic subject areas, even if degree aspirants were identified early.

6 Recommended Changes & Plans for Implementation of Improvements

A. <u>Program-Specific Considerations for Improvement</u>

Assessment at the program level could be improved in a number of ways, for example by collecting artifacts early, conducting exit interviews/surveys, requiring capstone or portfolio projects and tracking alumni after graduation. The degree could be redesigned and the definition of "program completers" could be changed. Lastly, institutional efforts could be better coordinated to produce more degree completers.

Collection of Artifacts

If degree aspirants are identified early, student work could be collected and used for program assessment (Art History is currently contemplating this approach).

Exit Interview / Survey

Degree recipients could be interviewed and/or surveyed to gauge how they evaluate their knowledge and skill level at the end of their studies and how they assess the program curriculum's strengths and weaknesses.

Capstone Project

An exercise of synthesis, such as a capstone project, could be added to the degree requirements or embedded in one of the degree courses. Such an exercise would require students to draw upon a broad range of knowledge and skills acquired in all degree courses.

Portfolio Project

Degree aspirants could be asked to assemble a portfolio of projects completed during the degree courses which would document their cumulative achievement in the program.

Alumni Follow-up

Transfer information could be tracked, such as success of graduates at four-year institutions.

Redesigning Degree Requirements

In order to make the degree more appealing and produce more degree completers the course requirements could be changed. For example: Three core courses totaling 9 units and a choice of two courses out of the remaining three courses for a total of 15 (instead of 18) units plus the language requirement. Before restructuring the degree however, it would be wise to wait for the Transfer Model Curriculum, which would not have any local graduation requirements and therefore would be more marketable.

Redefining the Term "Program Completer"

The number of program completer could be increased if the term "program completer" included students who completed the degree courses, but chose to transfer without getting a degree.

Systematic Approach to Degree Completion

The potential for success of the International Studies program is considerable. Each semester a total of over 1,000 Cuesta students are enrolled in the degree courses taught by some 20 instructors, in about 45 individual sections.

Past comprehensive and annual program reviews outlined a systematic approach to increase the number of degree recipients in International Studies. Such plans would include

- identifying degree aspirants early (tracking application information; surveying students in degree courses)
- recruiting degree aspirants (promoting program in degree courses)
- supporting declared degree aspirants in their efforts toward degree completion (counseling services / Student Education Plans)
- monitoring degree progress (student advisement by instructors and counseling staff / Student Education Plans)

B. College-Wide Considerations for Improvement

The Assessment Framework for the 2011-2016 Cuesta College Educational Master Plan states that "Cuesta College's statewide ranking for overall Transfer Rate has moved from 10th in 2001/02 to 21st in 2009/10" (item B #3) and that "state and nationwide political emphasis is now on student success, course and degree completion" (item B #4).

Cuesta College's Strategic Plan lists "Access and Success" in Strategic Direction Four with goal #4A and #4C addressing student transfer or completion of a degree/certificate program.

If Cuesta is to maintain its excellence, the institution needs a cohesive plan to demonstrate its commitment to its stated values and increase the number of students who

- 1. Declare a degree or certificate as their academic goal
- 2. Progress successfully to acquisition of degrees and certificates

- 3. Declare transfer as their educational objective
- 4. Acquire transfer-ready status and transfer

To that end the college must facilitate access to accurate information about degrees/certificates and transfer requirements and support students' progress toward that goal, including mandatory student education plans.

SB 1143 and the subsequent recommendations by the Student Success Task Force place renewed focus on student retention and success. If the community college system's finance policy should ever shift emphasis from the front end (early semester census figures) to the final outcome (retention at end of semester), policies and practices state-wide and locally must change. However, there is no reason why strategies to enhance degree completion could not be developed and implemented immediately. With the implementation of "Degree Works" there will be an opportunity to increase the number of degree recipients.

In addition, current efforts to create CSU transfer degrees (SB 1440) may provide a fresh impetus for the college to develop and implement a comprehensive plan to market all of its degrees and provide guidance and support for all degree aspirants.

In September 2014 faculty was notified by Krystinne Mica [krystinne@ASCCC.ORG] that work is to commence on developing C-ID descriptors and Areas of Emphasis Transfer Model Curriculum in Global Studies/International Relations and Ethnic Studies. Cuesta faculty is willing to participate in the development.

7 Description or evidence of dialog among course or program-level faculty about assessment plan and results

In spring 2012, fall 2013 and fall 2014 the program coordinator met individually with the course instructors who could be identified as having taught the last three degree recipients. At each meeting the discussion focused on the current program assessment procedure, assessment results, and on possible ways to improve the assessment instruments, administration and analysis. Part of the conversation also revolved around how to better promote the degree program and to better support students in obtaining the degree. The challenges and suggestions outlined in items 5 and 6 above reflect the tenor of the discussions.

Faculty agreed that the success of the program hinges on carrying out an orchestrated effort buoyed by a wholehearted commitment and regular interface. By pulling together it should be possible to increase the number of students who choose International Studies as their degree goal, who complete all the degree and transfer requirements and who are successful in continuing their studies for a Bachelor's degree at a four-year institution or enter the work force.

C. Summarize in one to two paragraphs program improvements that have been implemented since the last APPW or CPPR.

Faculty continued to interface. However, no substantive improvements have been implemented. Faculty continued to market the degree in their courses.

D. Identify and describe any budget requests that are related to student learning outcomes assessment results or institutional objectives.

Hiring a full-time Geography instructor is a top priority for the Social Sciences Division. It would stabilize not only the Geography program, but also the International Studies Program, because it would

^{**}Course and program level outcomes are required by ACCJC to be aligned. Each program needs to complete a program map to show the alignment. See examples of completed CPAS and program mapping documents are available at http://academic.cuesta.edu/sloa